

Ecosystem Outcomes & Carbon Dynamics in Agrivoltaic Grazing Systems

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National Science Foundation



COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY



Motivation

Integrating grazing & solar energy generation has many potential benefits, but important questions remain to be answered:

Can we co-optimize **energy generation**, **livestock grazing**, and **ecosystem services** on the same piece of land?

How does the integration of solar energy generation and livestock grazing alter ecosystem outcomes and carbon cycling?



Bluffton, Georgia, USA



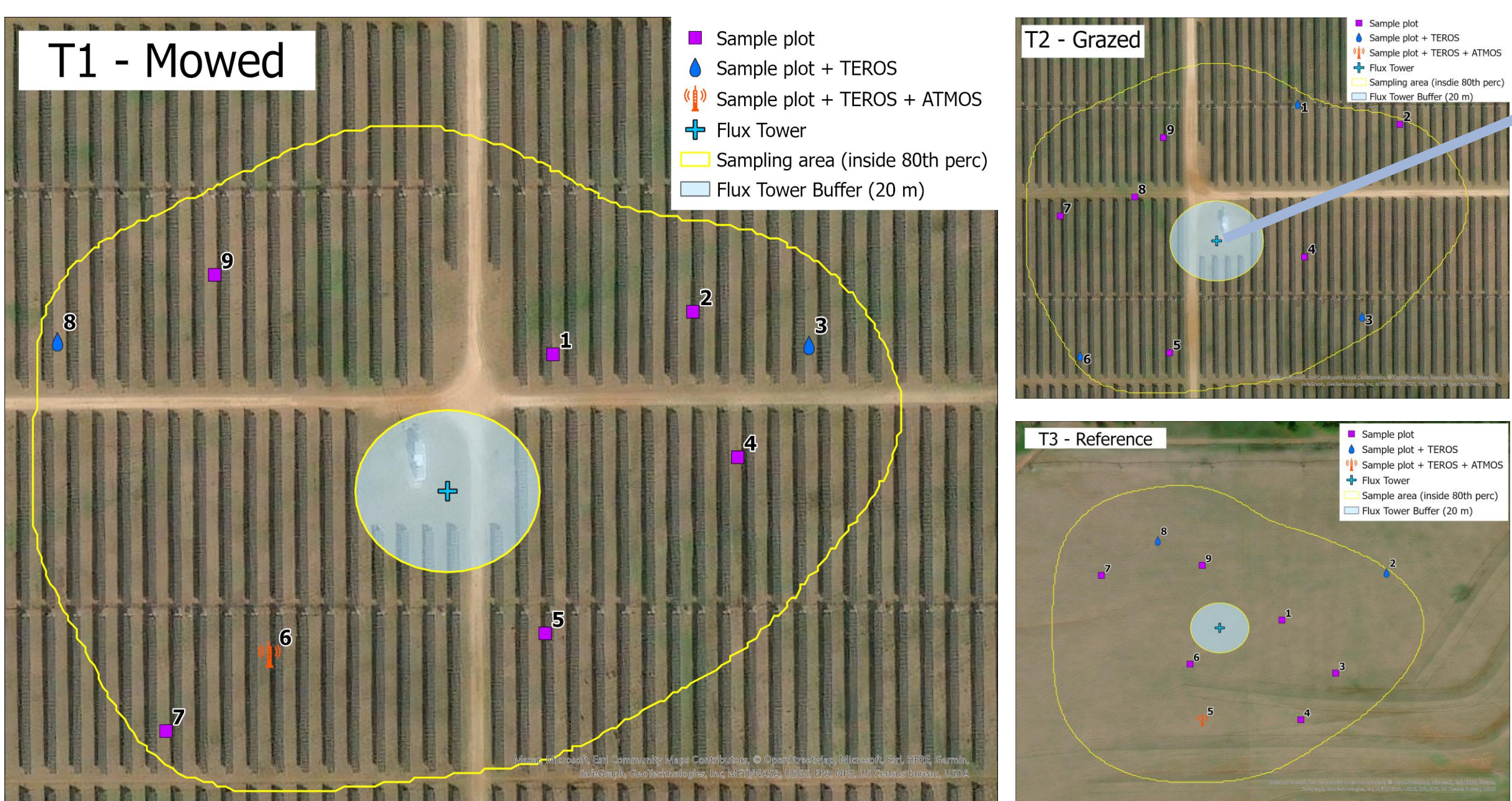
138 MWp, 685 acres
355,000 solar modules



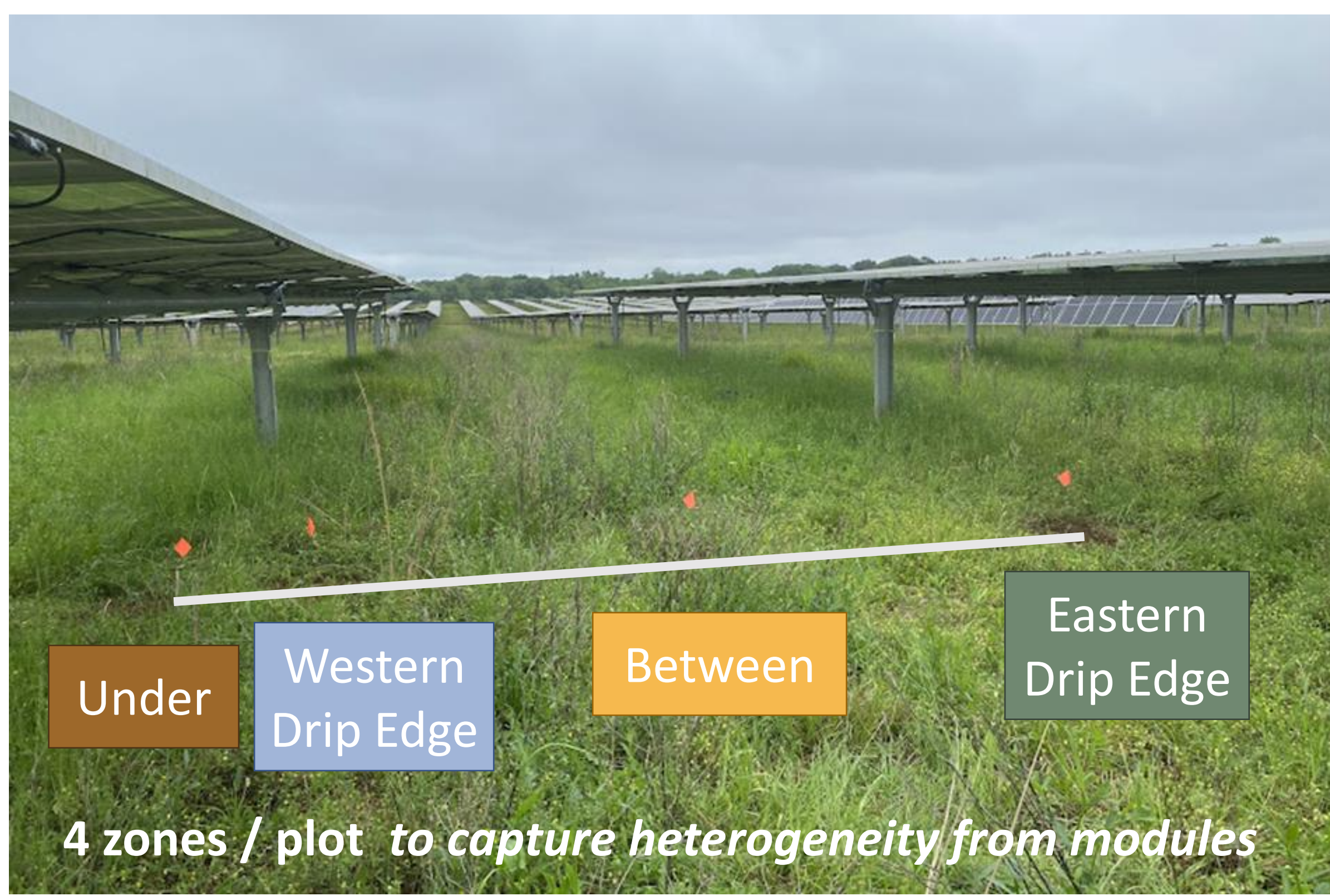
Partnership with ranchers & solar developers to study multi-use land management systems

Experimental Design

Three treatments of ~ 30 acres comparing single- vs multi-use land management systems



9 plots / treatment



Under

Western Drip Edge

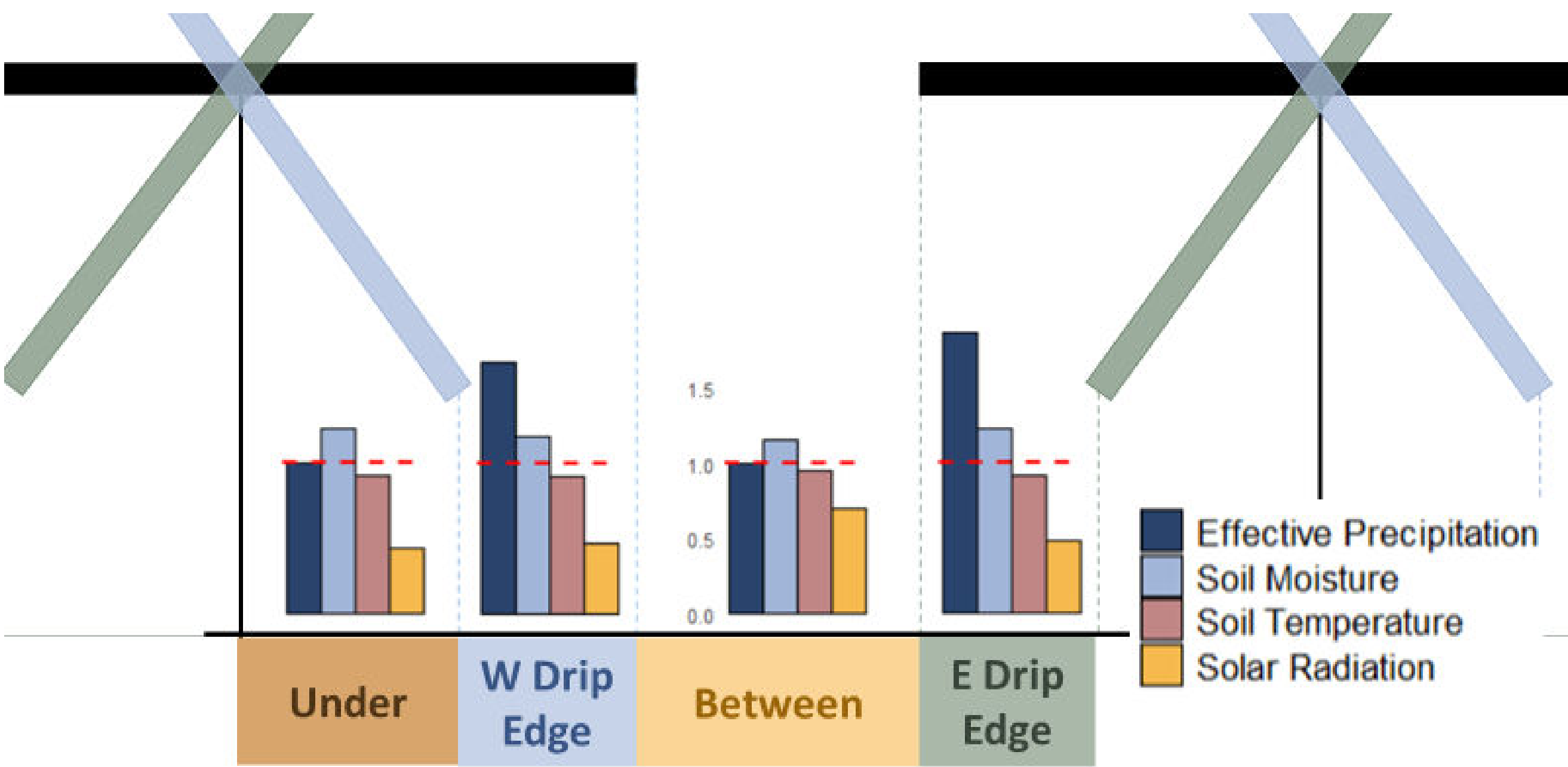
Between

Eastern Drip Edge

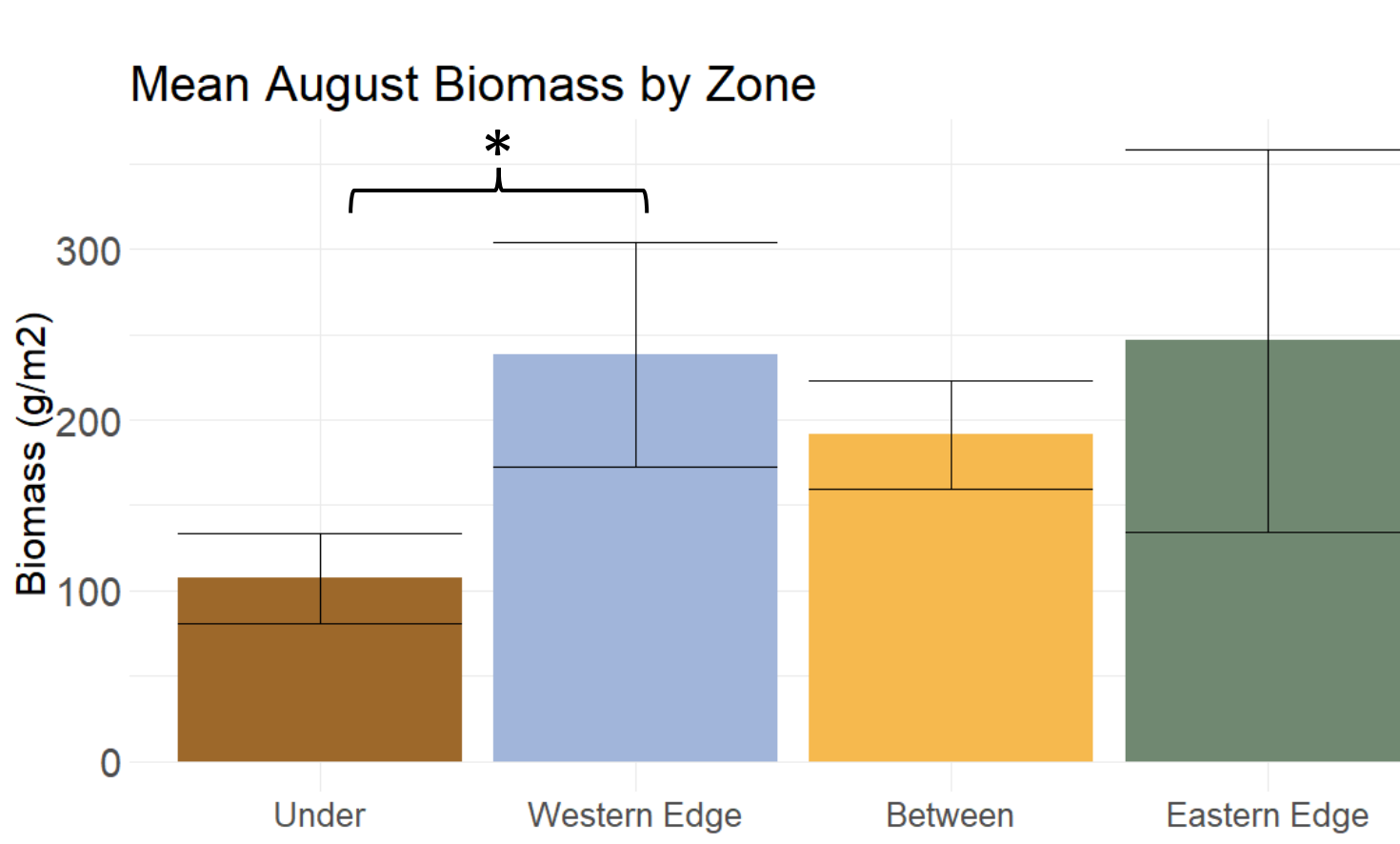
4 zones / plot to capture heterogeneity from modules

Preliminary Results – Summer 2023

Microclimate data from summer (June - August) 2023, normalized to reference conditions



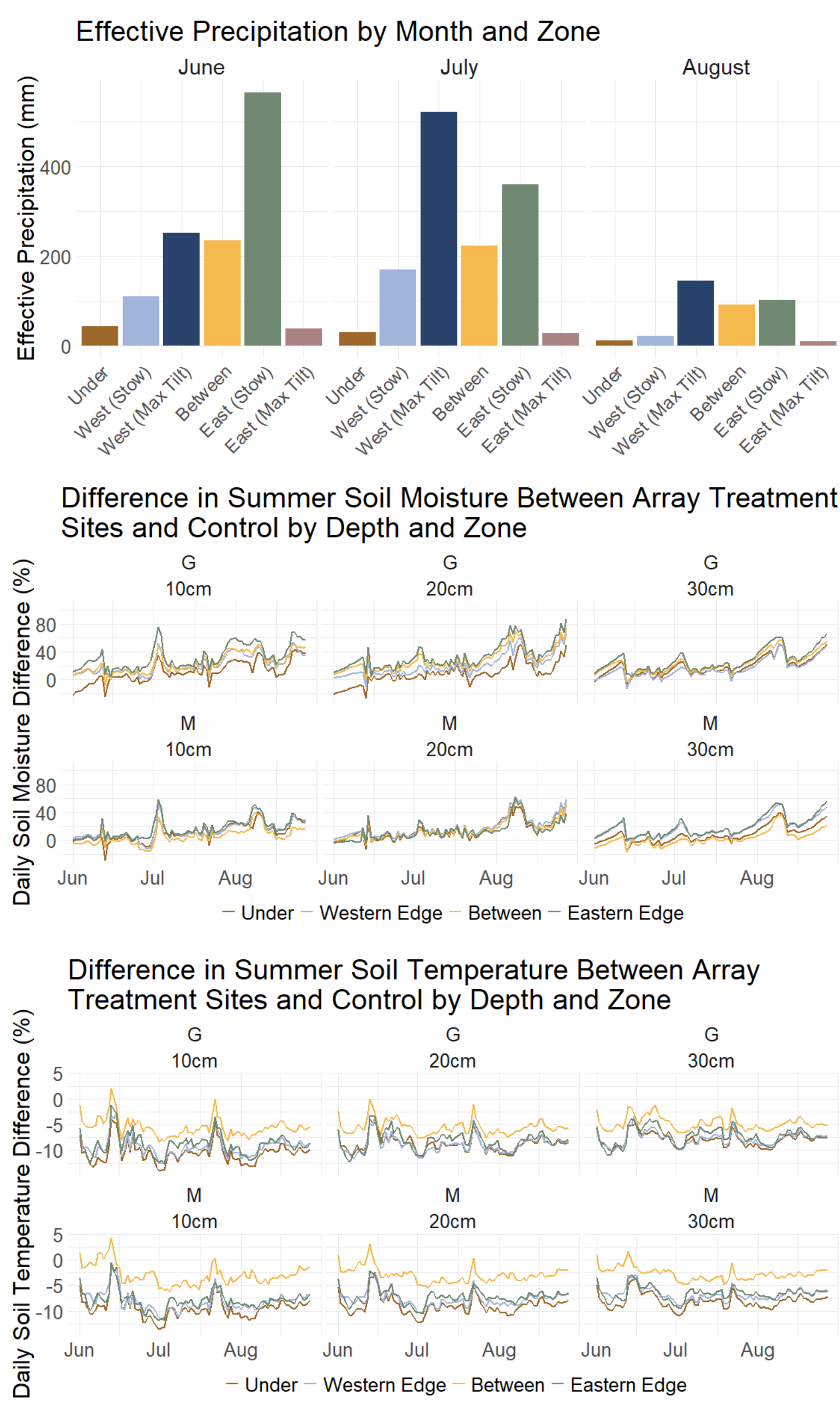
Despite variability in solar radiation and amount and timing of precipitation, there is no significant difference in biomass across the Drip Edges and the Between zone.



Effective precipitation varies significantly across zones, with the Drip Edges receiving substantially more moisture. The East Drip Edge is favored in June, while the West Drip Edge is favored in July.

Soil moisture can be over 60% higher in the array compared to an open pasture, with the greatest differences observed at the Drip Edges.

Soil temperature can be over 10% lower in the array compared to a pasture reference site, with the most notable differences directly Under the modules and within the Drip Edges.



Treatments

Management

Biomass Productivity

Nutrient Inputs

Organic Matter Inputs

Microclimate

Soil Carbon Stocks

Microbial Activity

Soil Physical Properties

Direct Measurement

Microclimate is a key driver of ecosystem outcomes, and the microclimate heterogeneity layered with management impacts is hypothesized to be the primary predictor of carbon dynamics within agrivoltaic grazing systems.

Project Team: Nick DeVries, PI (Silicon Ranch); Dr. Anna Clare Monlezun, Research Lead (Graze L.L.C); Will Harris, Bridget Hogan & Scott Cleveland (White Oak Pastures); Dr. Keith Paustian, Dr. Lily Edwards-Callaway & Dr. Mu Hong (Colorado State University); Dr. Robert Clement & Dr. Rebecca Mitchell (Quanterra Systems) | Advisory Committee: Jordan Macknick, Chair (NREL), Dr. Jason Rowntree, Russ Conser, Anat Razon, Dr. Janice Swanson, Dr. Tim Coburn, Ben Norris

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